Prenatal Environment Mediates the Association Between Maternal Genetics and Child Development

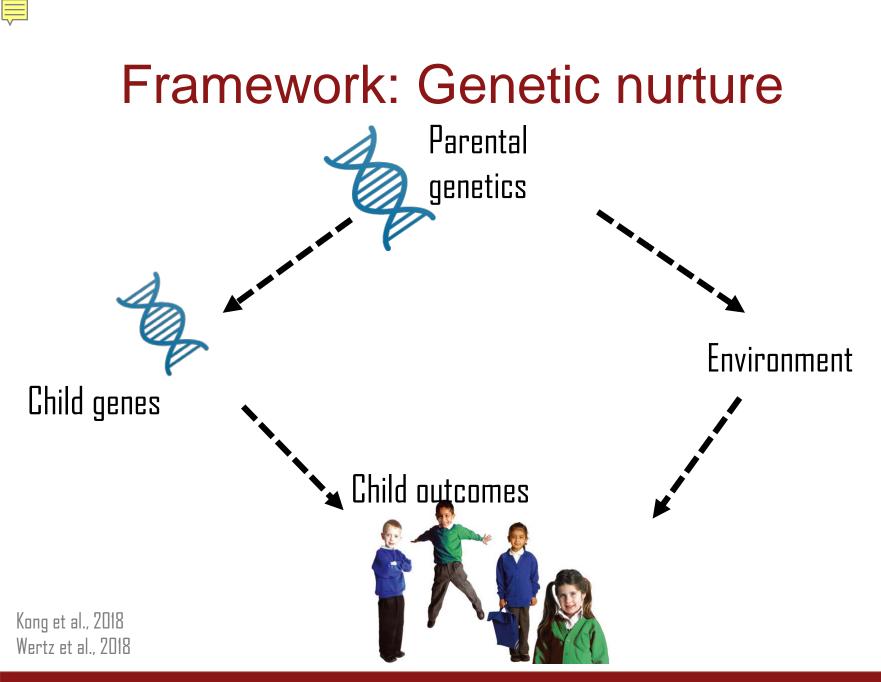
EMMA ARMSTRONG-CARTER, SAM TREJO, LIAM HILL, KIRSTY CROSSLEY, DAN MASON & BEN DOMINGUE

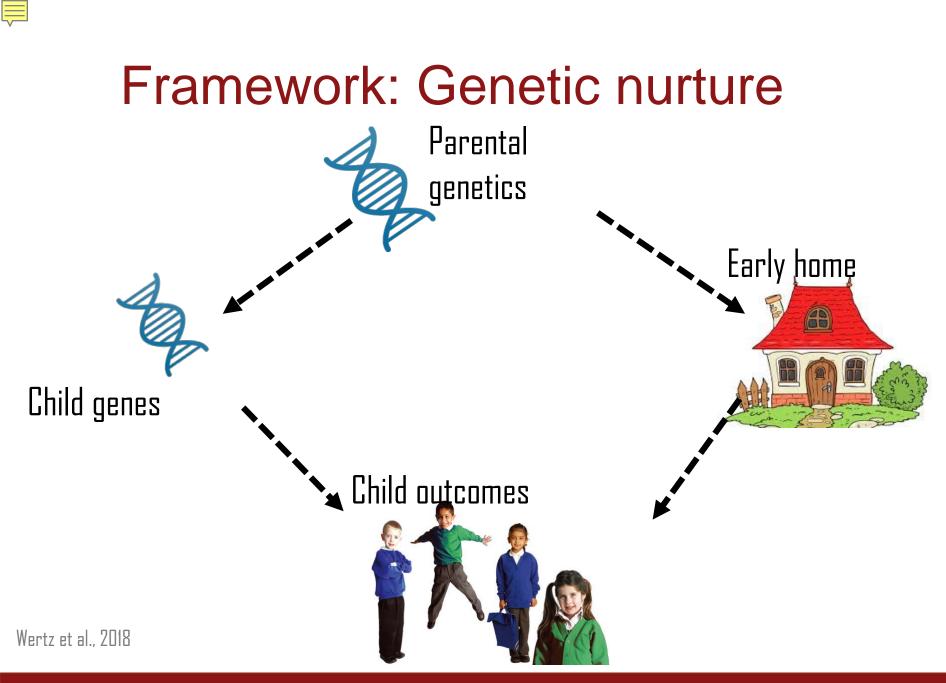


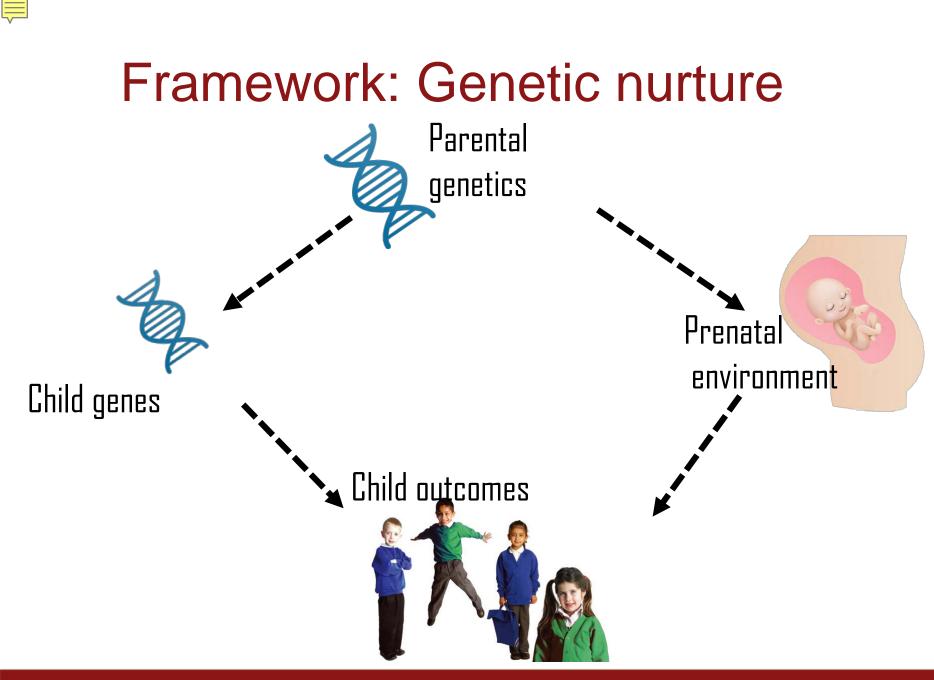
Stanford GRADUATE SCHOOL OF



Framework Parental genetics Child genes 🛰 Child outcomes



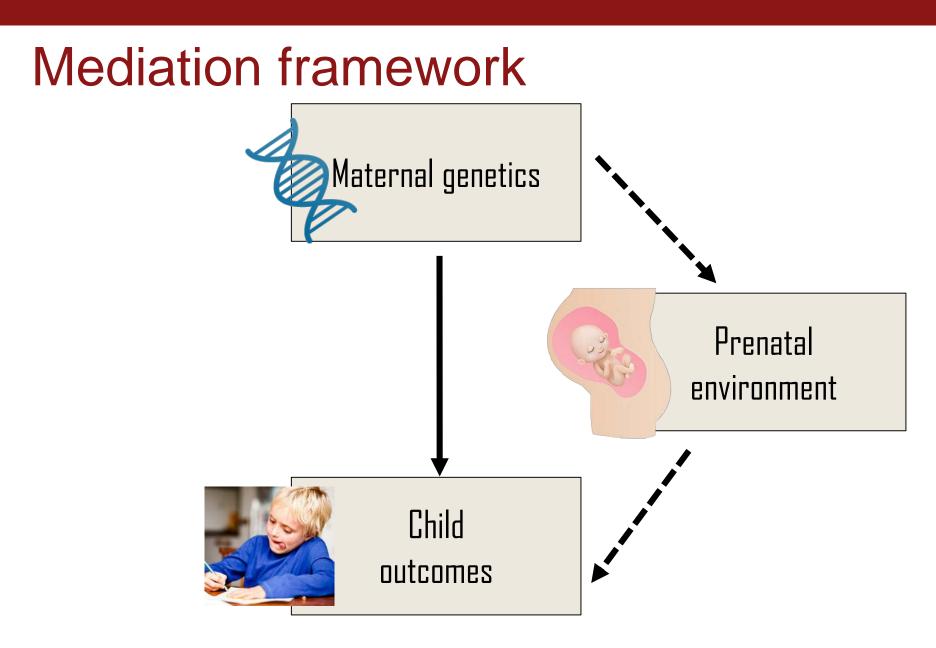




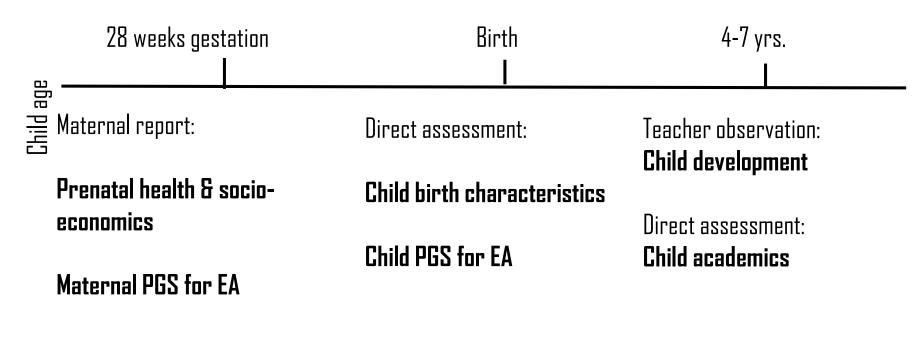


Research Question

Are maternal genetics associated with children's early development via prenatal environmental pathways?







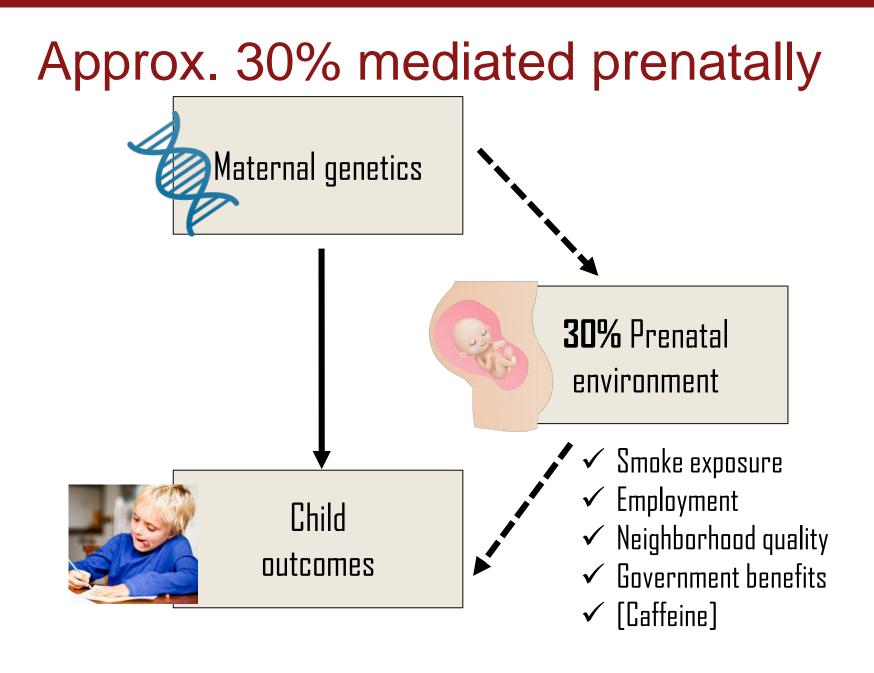


N = 2,007 Controlled for child PGS

Wright et al., 2012; Lee et al., 2018

| | % total effect of child outcome | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----------|-----|--|--|
| Mediation Results | | Developme | ent | | Academics | | | |
| Governmental Benefits | | 9.72 | | | 11.66 | | | |
| Neighborhood Deprivation | | 5.24 | | | 4.44 | | | |
| Indirect smoke Exposure | | 5.00 | | | 3.13 | | | |
| Employment | | 2.00 | | | 5.28 | | | |
| Cigarette Use | | 1.46 | | | 3.94 | | | |
| Caffeine Use | | 1.90 | | | - | | | |
| Vitamin Use | | - | | | - | | | |
| Alcohol Use | | - | | | - | | | |
| Drug Use | | - | | | - | | | |
| Single | | - | | | - | | | |
| BMI | | - | | | - | | | |
| Physical Health | | - | | | - | | | |
| Maternity Leave | | - | | | - | | | |
| Stress | | - | | | - | | | |
| Sleep Problems | | - | | | - | | | |
| Financial Difficulty | | - | | | - | | | |
| Child APGAR Score | | - | | | - | | | |
| Child Gestational Age | | - | | | - | | | |
| Child Small for gestational age | | - | | | - | | | |
| Child Large for gestational age | | - | | | - | | | |
| Child Birthweight (g) | | - | | | - | | | |
| | | 27.91 | | | 31.27 | | | |
| | В | ci | р | В | CI | р | | |
| | .03 | 0.02-0.05 | .00 | .04 | 0.02-0.05 | .00 | | |

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-----|-----------|-----|--|--|
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| | В | Ci | р | В | Cl | р | | |
| | .03 | 0.02-0.05 | .00 | .04 | 0.02-0.05 | .00 | | |



Implications

- Consistent with hypothesized genetic nurture
- Prenatal environment may be a pathway through which parental genes indirectly relate to child outcomes
- In particular, early child <u>development</u>
- Helps characterize potential influences on early childhood & downstream outcomes

Kong et al., 2018; Wertz et al., 2018; Jaffee & Price, 2007

THANK YOU!





Dr. Ben Domingue, Ph.D

Sam Trejo

